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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 29549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

| REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING | 01/01/2015 | AND ENDING | 12/31/2015 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| | MM/DD/YY | | MM/DD/YY |
| A. REGIST | FRANT IDENTIFI | CATION | |
| NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Pavilion Global | Markets Ltd. | | OFFICIAL USE ONLY |
| ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE | SS: (Do not use P.O.) | Box No.) | FIRM I.D. NO. |
| 1250 René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 4025 | | | |
| | (No. and Street) | | |
| Montréal | Québec | H | 13B 4W8 |
| (City) | (State) | (2 | Zip Code) |
| NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO Giancarlo Farinacci | ON TO CONTACT IN | REGARD TO THIS REF | PORT 514-932-7171 |
| | | | (Area Code – Telephone Number) |
| B. ACCOU | NTANT IDENTIF | ICATION | |
| INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose KPMG LLP - (Nan | e opinion is contained ne – if individual, state last, | first middle name) | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMIS |
| 600, de Maisonneuve Blvd. West, Suite 1500 | Montréal | Québec | TOTE HISA PARED |
| (Address) | (City) | (State) | (Zip Code) MAR 1 9 2018 |
| CHECK ONE: | * | | |
| ☐ Certified Public Accountant | | | DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS |
| ☐ Public Accountant | | | |
| Accountant not resident in United S | tates or any of its poss | sessions. | |
| FO | R OFFICIAL USE | ONLY | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)





OATH OR AFFIRMATION

| I, | Giancarlo Farinacci | | , swea | r (or affirm) that, to the best of |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| my kno | owledge and belief the accompanying fir | nancial statement a | nd supporting schedules | pertaining to the firm of |
| , | Pavilion Global Markets Ltd. | | | , as |
| of | December 31st | , 20 <u>15</u> | , are true and correct. | I further swear (or affirm) that |
| ncither | the company nor any partner, proprieto | or, principal officer | or director has any prop | rietary interest in any account |
| classifi | ied solely as that of a customer, except a | s follows: | | |
| | | | | |
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| _ | | | |) |
| | | | | <u>/</u> |
| | | | (- /p- | _ |
| | | _ | | |
| | | | Signatu | re |
| | | | Chief Financi | al Officer |
| | | _ | Title | <u></u> |
| M | of (16) Meral | | | |
| | T0782 | | | |
| | Notary Public | | | |
| Thin wo | port ** contains (check all applicable be | -v.oo). | | |
| | Facing Page. | oxes): | | |
| | Statement of Financial Condition. | | | |
| | Statement of Income (Loss). | | | |
| | Statement of Changes in Financial Cor | ndition. | | |
| □ (e) | Statement of Changes in Stockholders | Equity or Partners | s' or Sole Proprietors' Ca | pital. |
| | Statement of Changes in Liabilities Su | bordinated to Clair | ns of Creditors. | |
| | Computation of Net Capital. | | | |
| | Computation for Determination of Res | | | |
| | Information Relating to the Possession | | | |
| □ (j) | A Reconciliation, including appropriate | | | |
| п "х | Computation for Determination of the | | | |
| ∐ (k) | A Reconciliation between the audited a consolidation. | and unaudited State | ements of Financial Cond | lition with respect to methods of |
| X (1) | An Oath or Affirmation. | | | |
| ` ′ | An Oath of Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep | ort | | |
| _ ` | A report describing any material inadea | | t or found to have existed | singe the data of the provious and |

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP 600 de Maisonneuve Blvd. West Suite 1500 Tour KPMG Montréal (Québec) H3A 0A3 Telephone (514) 840-2100 Fax (514) 840-2187 Internet www.kpmg.ca

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Pavilion Global Market Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of Pavilion Global Market Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 (the "financial statement"). The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pavilion Global Market Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

February 26, 2016

KPMG LLP.

Montréal, Canada

| Consolidated | Statement | of Financial | Condition |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | |

| December 31 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----|------------|
| (Expressed in U.S. dollars) | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) | \$ | 11,418,576 | \$ | 9,976,582 |
| Due from clients (Note 5) | | 9,204,203 | | 9,242,460 |
| Due from brokers (Note 5) | | 2,963,409 | | 2,365,486 |
| Accounts receivable | | 191,869 | | 385,192 |
| Income taxes receivable | | - | | 630,598 |
| Securities owned, at fair value (Notes 6 and 12) | | 403,618 | | 483,361 |
| Due from ultimate parent company (Note 9) | | 1,824,148 | | 102,303 |
| Due from companies under common control (Note 9) | | 34,095 | | 135,569 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 152,444 | | 194,234 |
| | | 26,192,362 | | 23,515,785 |
| Fixed assets, net (Note 7) | | 894,566 | | 140,697 |
| Intangible assets (Note 8) | | 291,116 | | 374,390 |
| Deferred tax assets | | 64,818 | | 77,586 |
| | \$ | 27,442,862 | \$ | 24,108,458 |
| Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Due to clients (Note 5) | \$ | 1,209,283 | \$ | 1,265,725 |
| Due to brokers (Note 5) | · | 9,188,465 | • | 9,019,833 |
| Accounts payable, remuneration and accrued expenses | | 2,948,649 | | 2,742,243 |
| Due to company under common control (Note 9) | | 531 | | 32,840 |
| Income taxes payable | | 182,459 | | - |
| | | 13,529,387 | | 13,060,641 |
| Deferred tax liability | | 137,559 | | 164,655 |
| Deferred lease inducement | | 466,741 | | 273,922 |
| 300.000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000 | | 14,133,687 | | 13,499,218 |
| Commitments (Notes 11 and 13) | | , | | ,, |
| Stockholder's equity | | | | |
| Capital stock | | | | |
| Authorized | | | | |
| An unlimited number of common shares without par value | | | | |
| Issued and outstanding | | | | |
| 42,815 common shares | | 1,090,708 | | 1,090,708 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 226,084 | | 226,084 |
| Retained earnings | | 13,270,086 | | 8,440,205 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income | | (1,277,703) | | 852,243 |
| Accommission of the combined state (1000) income | | 13,309,175 | | 10,609,240 |
| | \$ | 27,442,862 | \$ | 24,108,458 |
| | <u> </u> | 21,442,002 | Φ | 24,100,436 |

On behalf of the Board

Director

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

1. Organization and Nature of Business

Pavilion Global Markets Ltd. (the "Company"), incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, provides brokerage and financial advisory services internationally. Pavilion Global Markets Ltd. is a member of the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA), the London Stock Exchange plc (LSE) and The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (NASDAQ), is an Approved Participant in the Bourse de Montréal Inc., and is a Participating Organization in The Toronto Stock Exchange Inc. and The TSX Venture Exchange.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Brockhouse Cooper Consulting Services Ltd. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The presentation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. They are presented in the statement of financial condition at carrying value which approximates fair value due to their short term nature.

SECURITIES OWNED

Securities owned are carried in the statement of financial condition at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Fair value is based on quoted market prices for exchange-traded equity and fixed income securities. In situations where the securities are not publicly traded or where restrictions on their marketability exist, securities are valued at management's estimate of market value.

Valuation of fixed income securities is affected by, amongst other factors, the liquidity of the securities, the size and the bid and ask spread, and the relative breadth of market and current yield price adjustments.

The Company accounts for its financial instruments owned on a trade date basis and transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date and interest is accrued to the end of the period.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Due from (to) clients, due from (to) brokers, accounts receivable and accounts payable, remuneration and accrued expenses are initially recorded at their fair value and are subsequently carried at amortized cost. Due to their short term to maturity, fair value and amortized cost are approximated by carrying value.

Payables and receivables arising from unsettled regular-way trades are recorded net in due from (to) clients and due from (to) brokers.

FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation is recognized over the estimated useful life of the asset using the following rates and methods which most closely reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefit embodied in the assets:

Technology equipment 3 Years Straight-Line Furniture and fixtures 20% Declining Balance Leasehold improvements Term of Lease

coaseriold improvements

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of software platforms and software platforms under development. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets. Internally developed software is amortized over a period of 5 years on a straight-line basis from the time at which the asset became available for use.

INCOME RECOGNITION - SECURITY TRANSACTIONS

Security transactions and related commission revenues and commission expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Global Macro Research revenues are recognized when services have been rendered.

Professional service fees and other revenues are recognized when services are performed and ultimate collection is reasonably assured.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

The functional currency of Pavilion Global Markets Ltd. is the Canadian dollar. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the statement of financial condition date, whereas income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period. Gains or losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in net income.

These financial statements have been translated from the functional currency into U.S. dollars. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the statement of financial condition date. Income and expenses, including gains and losses on foreign exchange translation, are translated at average exchange rates for the period. The gains and losses on translation are deferred and are included as a component of comprehensive income.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND BROKERAGE AGREEMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, due from (to) clients, due from (to) brokers, accounts receivable, securities owned, due from (to) related parties and accounts payable, remuneration and accrued expenses. The classification and measurement of all such financial instruments are defined in the related accounting policy notes.

INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the periods in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

For equity-settled share based payments, expense is based on the fair value of the awards granted, excluding the impacting of any non-market service and performance conditions. The expense is recognized over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are satisfied. For awards with graded vesting, the fair value of each tranche is recognized over its respective vesting period.

The grant date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognized as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized as an expense is based on the number of awarded that do meet the related service and non-market performed conditions at the vesting date.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2015, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None, except for the one listed below, of these are expected to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements of FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 605, Revenue Recognition and most industry-specific guidance throughout the ASC, resulting in the creation of FASB ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 requires entities to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU provides alternative methods of adoption. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Deferral of the Effective Date ("ASU 2015-14"). ASU 2015-14 defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year to December 15, 2017 for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after that date and permits early adoption of the standards, but not before original effective date for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2014-09 on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2014, the FASB issued the ASU No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40), Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, that requires management to evaluate whether there are conditions and events that raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. The standard will be effective for annual periods after December 15, 2016 and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. The Company does not expect any material impact from adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes ("ASU 2015-17"). ASU 2015-17 requires deferred tax liabilities and assets to be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the impact of adopting this ASU to be material to the Company's financial statements and related disclosures.

3. Cash Segregated Under Regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC")

Cash of \$489,607 (2014 - \$320,469) has been segregated in special reserve bank accounts for the exclusive benefit of customers, in accordance with SEC Rule 15c3-3. These amounts are not available for use in the Company's day-to-day operations.

4. Available Credit Facility

From time to time, the Company may utilize call loan arrangements to facilitate the securities settlement process for both client and principal transactions. A call loan facility has been established with a Canadian Schedule 1 chartered bank to a maximum amount of CAD \$4,000,000 (2014 – CAD \$4,000,000) (or its USD equivalent) bearing interest at the call loan rate on the date the amount is contracted. The facility has no fixed renewal date. There was no amount outstanding as of December 31, 2015 (2014 – nil).

5. Due from/to Clients and Brokers

Included in the balance due from/to clients and brokers are the following amounts resulting from transactions which failed to settle on the contracted settlement date:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Due from clients | \$ 9,188,465 | \$ 9,019,833 |
| Due from brokers | \$ 823,530 | \$ 983,917 |
| Due to clients | \$ 823,530 | \$ 983,917 |
| Due to brokers | \$ 9,188,465 | \$ 9,019,833 |

The Company clears its customer transactions through other broker-dealers on a fully disclosed basis.

6. Financial Instruments Owned

| | 2015 | _ | 2014 |
|------------------------|---------------|----|---------|
| Canadian federal bonds | \$ 282,257 | \$ | 334,571 |
| Corporate bonds | 121,361 | | 148,790 |
| | \$ 403,618 | \$ | 483,361 |

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

| 7. Fixed Assets | | = | |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| | | | 2015 |
| | | Accumulated | |
| | Cost | amortization | Net |
| Technology equipment | \$ 44,245 | \$ 26,035 | \$ 18,210 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 250,790 | 155,414 | 95,376 |
| Leasehold improvements | 1,251,953 | 470,973 | 780,980 |
| | \$ 1,546,988 | \$ 652,422 | \$ 894,566 |
| | | | 2014 |
| | | Accumulated | |
| | Cost | amortization | Net_ |
| Technology equipment | \$ 107,339 | \$ 68,072 | \$ 39,267 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 209,301 | 186,234 | 23,067 |
| Leasehold improvements | 565,184 | 486,821 | 78,363 |
| | \$ 881,824 | \$ 741,127 | \$ 140,697 |
| 8. Intangible Assets | | | |
| | | | 2015 |
| | | Accumulated | |
| | Cost | amortization | Net |
| Software platforms | \$ 531,919 | \$ 240,803 | \$ 291,116 |
| | | | 2014 |
| | - | Accumulated | |
| | Cost | amortization | Net |
| Software platforms | \$ 552,131 | \$ 177,741 | \$ 374,390 |

9. Related Party Transactions

The balances due from the ultimate parent company and a company under common control and due to a company under common control have arisen from services provided net of expenses paid on behalf of the Company and from share-based compensation. All balances with related parties are non-interest bearing and are due upon demand.

10. Consolidated Subsidiary

The following is a summary of certain financial information of the Company's consolidated subsidiary Brockhouse Cooper Consulting Services Ltd.:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Total assets | \$ 100 | \$ 100 |
| Total liabilities | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net stockholder's equity | \$ 100 | \$ 100 |

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

11. Capital Management

The Company's business requires capital for regulatory purposes. The Company's capital structure is underpinned by stockholder's equity, which is comprised of capital stock, additional paid-in capital, retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive income.

In managing its capital, the Company's primary objectives are as follows:

- Exceed the Company's minimum regulatory capital as required by IIROC and FINRA;
- . Ensure that the Company is able to meet its financial obligations as they become due; and
- Support the creation of stockholder value.

The Company implements corporate governance practices and monitors results against its objectives. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company regularly monitors its regulatory risk adjusted capital as required by regulation, monitors operating results against budgets and monitors its cash flows to ensure that the objectives above are met.

There has been no material change in the capital management practices of the Company from the previous period.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the capital of the Company was sufficient to satisfy the regulatory requirements of IIROC which specify a minimum capital requirement of CAD \$250,000 and certain minimum ratios. The capital was also sufficient to satisfy the regulatory requirements of FINRA which specify that the Company must maintain regulatory capital in excess of 6-2/3% of the aggregate indebtedness (to a minimum of \$250,000 USD) and certain minimum ratios.

12. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

FAIR VALUE

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are
 observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

| Asset Categories | ! | Level 1 | Level 2 | | Level 3 | Total |
|-----------------------------|----|---------|---------------|----|---------|---------------|
| December 31, 2015 | | | _ | | | <u> </u> |
| Cash and cash equivalent | \$ | - | \$ 11,418,576 | \$ | - | \$ 11,418,576 |
| Financial instruments owned | | - | 403,618 | | - | 403,618 |
| | \$ | - | \$ 11,822,194 | \$ | _ | \$ 11,822,194 |
| December 31, 2014 | | · | ** | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalent | \$ | - | \$ 9,976,582 | \$ | - | \$ 9,976,582 |
| Financial instruments owned | | - | 483,361 | | - | 483,361 |
| | \$ | - | \$ 10,459,943 | \$ | - | \$ 10,459,943 |

There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period. The Company does not have any financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counterparty will fail to perform its obligations. Credit risk arises from cash and cash segregated under regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commissions, amounts due from clients and brokers, debt security issuers, accounts receivables and amounts due from related parties.

The Company attempts to limit the risk by dealing with counterparties it considers viable.

To minimize its exposure to credit risk from transactions with clients and brokers, the Company requires settlement of securities on a cash basis or delivery against payment basis.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

12. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

All transactions in listed securities are settled or paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold, unless unusual circumstances exist, is only made once the broker has received payment.

The Company manages credit risk with regards to debt instruments by monitoring counterparties' credit ratings before purchasing debt instruments and maintaining short maturity dates. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of the financial assets. There are no significant balances past due.

Management does not anticipate any losses for non-performance of counterparties.

There have been no significant changes to the Company's exposure to credit risks and how they arise nor how they are managed since the previous period.

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they become due. The Company's management is responsible for reviewing liquidity resources to ensure funds are readily available to meet its financial obligations as they become due, as well as ensuring adequate funds exist to support business strategies and operational growth. The Company's business requires capital for operating and regulatory purposes. The current assets reflected on the statement of financial condition are highly liquid. The majority of the positions held as securities owned are readily marketable securities. Receivables and payables from clients and brokers represent commissions due and current open transactions that generally settle within the normal settlement cycle.

The following table presents the contractual terms to maturity of the financial liabilities owed by the Company as at December 31, 2015, in addition to those disclosed in Note 14. As liabilities in trading accounts are typically settled within very short time periods, they are not included in the table below.

| | Carrying amount | Contractual term |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable and accrued charges | • | _ |
| December 31, 2015 | \$ 2,948,649 | Within twelve months |
| December 31, 2014 | \$ 2,742,243 | Within twelve months |

There have been no significant changes to the Company's exposure to liquidity risks and how they arise nor how they are managed since the previous period.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Company separates market risk into two categories: interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk. As the Company does not invest in any significant equity positions, the Company is not exposed to equity price risk.

There have been no significant change to the Company's exposure to market risks and how they arise nor how they are managed since the previous period.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments held by the Company. The Company incurs interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalent and securities owned. The Company does not hedge its exposure to interest rate risk as it is minimal.

The interest rate volatility on the Company's financial instruments owned is also minimal since the Company does not carry significant instruments subject to interest rate volatility.

CURRENCY RISK

Foreign exchange risk arises from the possibility that changes in the price of the foreign currencies will result in losses. As the Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar, foreign exchange risk is measured in relation to the Canadian dollar balances. The Company's primary foreign exchange risk results from the unhedged currency. The Company's currency risk is managed based on currency holdings rather than volatility. The internal policy which sets maximum amounts by currency ensures that the Company does not have significant currency risk.

The Company trades in various currencies in order to settle international trades. However, the currency of the amount receivable is generally the same as the amount payable. As a result, the currency risk is diminished. The Company held CAD \$9,516,000 (2014 – CAD \$4.515.000) worth of foreign currencies at period end.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

13. Commitments

The Company leases its head office premises, which terminates in October 2023, a satellite premise, which terminates in July 2016 and its disaster recovery premises through the ultimate parent company, which terminates in March 2019, under non-cancellable operating lease arrangements. Annual and aggregate lease costs under these leases, exclusive of certain incremental occupancy costs, are approximately as follows:

Period ended December 31, 2016

| 2016 | \$ 349,869 |
|----------------|--------------|
| 2017 | 332,376 |
| 2018 | 339,524 |
| 2019 | 351,153 |
| 2020 | 343,116 |
| and thereafter | 972,161 |
| | \$ 2,688,199 |

Rent expense for 2015 aggregated to \$737,488 (2014 - \$795,377).

14. Regulatory Net Capital Requirement

As a registered broker-dealer and a member of FINRA, the Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum regulatory net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to regulatory net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2015, the Company had regulatory net capital of \$9,385,461 (2014 - \$7,724,010), which was \$8,452,386 (2014 - \$6,824,062) in excess of its required regulatory net capital of \$933,075 (2014 - \$899,948). The Company's regulatory net capital ratio was 1.49 to 1 (2014 – 1.7 to 1).

15. Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated the effects of subsequent events that have occurred subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2015 and through to February 26, 2016, which is the date the consolidated statement of financial condition was issued. During this period, there have been no events that would require recognition or disclosure in the consolidated statement of financial condition.